

Collection, Organisation and Presentation of Data

Question 1.

When is 'India's coalition done:

- (a) Every first year of every decade
- (b) Every first year of century
- (c) Every year
- (d) Every five year.

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (a) Every first year of every decade

Question 2.

State another name of Random Sampling:

- (a) Chance sampling
- (b) Drum Rotation method
- (c) Lottery
- (d) All of these.

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (d) All of these.

Question 3.

First step of presentation of data is:

- (a) Categorisation
- (b) Tabulation
- (c) Both (a) and (b)
- (d) None of these.

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (a) Categorisation

Question 4.

Which law should be kept in mind while making tables:

- (a) Correct size
- (b) Correct measurement of unit
- (c) Correct unit
- (d) All of these.

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (d) All of these.

Question 5.

In what type of papers pictures are drawn:



- (a) Graph paper
- (b) White paper
- (c) Any
- (d) None of these.

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: (b) White paper.

Fill in the blanks:

1. provides real data.

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: Researcher

2. is present population data of India.

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: Census of India

3. When data is categorised according to time it is called

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: Chronological

4. Presentation of data in the form of table is called

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: Tabulation

5. Bar diagram is a diagram.

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: Unit

Match the columns:

Column A	Column B
1. Negative curve	(a) Comparison of value
2. Component Ray	(b) III
3. Main part of table	(c) Extends towards Left
4. Tally mark of 3	(d) Partial errors

5. Direction error	(e) Kievor.
--------------------	-------------

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer:

Column A	Column B
1. Negative curve	(c) Extends towards Left
2. Component Ray	(a) Comparison of value
3. Main part of table	(e) Kievor.
4. Tally mark of 3	(b) III
5. Direction error	(d) Partial errors

Answer in one word:

1. What is simple curve called?

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: Bell shaped curve

2. In how many year population calculation is done is India?

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: 10 yrs

3. What is the other name of Pie diagram?

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: Primary

4. Pie diagram is also known as?

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: Circular

5. How many sources are there of index?

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: Two

6. What is bivariate frequency distribution?

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: A bivariate distribution is the frequency distribution of two variables.

7. What is complete census method?

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: It is a method of data collection in which data are collected for each and every unit of the population which constitutes the subject matter of the study.

8. What is sample?

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: A sample refers to a group or section of the population from which data are obtained.

9. What is Random sampling?

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: Method in which each and every item of the universe has an equal chance of being selected in the sample is called Random sampling.

10. What is Non – Random sampling?

▼ [Answer](#)

Answer: In Non – Random sampling every individual does not have an equal chance of being selected.



